Activities based on the NZAC Pare

Activities based on the Pare image

- Make a key to identify the arthropods on the Pare:
 - Number each arthropod with a unique number:
 - Make a list of those numbers;
 - Print the name of each arthropod against its unique number.
- Colour in the arthropods. Perhaps use different colours for different Orders or Classes of arthropods.
- Colour in the manaia. The central part of each eye is made of paua shell.
- Draw an arthropod.

Activities based on the Pare information

- Spelling challenge: choose a word from the information with each arthropod and learn to spell it. Write a sentence using the chosen word.
- Word-making challenge: choose a word and make a list of words you can form with the letters in that word.
- Geography challenge: locate the New Zealand place names and the offshore islands mentioned.

Questions based on the Pare Arthropods

- 1. How many animals (arthropods) are there on the pare?
- 2. How many arthropods are on the left and right of the central manaia? (Is this different to what you see as left and right?)
- 3. How many insects are there?
- 4. How many arthropods are there that are not insects?
- 5. How many legs do the spider and mite each have?
- 6. How many legs do the beetles each have?
- 7. How many wings does the blowfly have?
- 8. How many wings do the other insects have?
- 9. How many spines are there on the hind leg of the wētā?
- 10. How many segments does the centipede have?

- 11. How many arthropods have their heads facing the:
 - a. top
 - b. bottom
 - c. left
 - d. right
 - e. none of these?
- 12. How many arthropods have their bodies oriented more than 20° from a horizontal or vertical line on the pare?

Manaia (figures)

- 1. How many manaia are there on the pare?
- 2. How many eyes can be seen?
- 3. How many manaia have 1 eye only?
- 4. How many tongues are there? Describe their shapes.
- 5. How many fingers and toes are there on each limb of a manaia?
- 6. What is the total number of fingers and toes?
- 7. What is the total number of fingers and toes with nails?

Scientific names

- Animals and plants are given a scientific name when they are formally described by scientific researchers.
- The scientific name consists of a Genus name and a species name, usually written in italic type.
- The Genus name has a capital first letter, whereas the species name is all in lower-case letters.
- All organisms are classified in a hierarchial system indicating the degree of relationship between them.

Classification of the arthropods on the Pare

The 13 organisms on the Pare are classified into 10 Orders in 3 Classes of the phylum Arthropoda as follows:

Phylum: **Arthropoda** (which means "jointed limbs")

- Class: Insecta (insects)
 - Order: Coleoptera (beetles)
 - o Order: Diptera (flies)
 - Order: Hemiptera (true bugs)
 - Order: Hymenoptera (wasps)
 - Order: **Lepidoptera** (moths and butterflies)

- Order: Odonata (dragonflies)
 Order: Orthoptera (grasshoppers, wētā)
- Class: Arachnida (mites, spiders)
 Order: Acari (mites)
 Order: Araneae (spiders)
- Class: Myriapoda (which means "many limbs"; the centipedes and millipedes)
 Order: Chilopoda (centipedes).

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