

Wallaby surveillance

Detecting small cryptic nocturnal neophobic macropods at low densities

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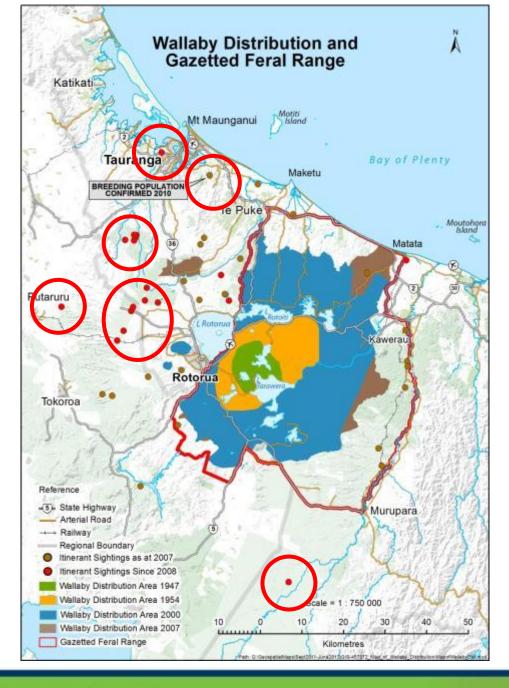




Dama Wallaby (Macropus eugenii)



- Small < 7 kg
- Nocturnal
- Prefer scrubby habitat with access to grass
- Cryptic



Since 1912
their range
has continued
expanding to
cover
> 180,000ha

Research Needs - Dispersal We need to know;

- What drives dispersal?
- Are there obvious invasion corridors?
- At what point do dispersing animals establish a new population?

Research Needs - Monitoring and/or Surveillance methods

- "Cleared plot faecal pellet counts" are precise but extremely labour intensive...
- We need monitoring & surveillance tools that work well at low densities
 - "Containing" pests need to detect new populations as soon as they establish
 - "Eradicating" pests need to be damn sure that you have got the last one!

Potential monitoring tool?

The potential has been proven

 Trained indicating dogs can detect all kind of things with a high level of confidence Worth considering!

Wallaby indicating dog and handler



Wallabies confirmed at locations west of Rotorua in the Mamaku Ranges

Research Needs – Indicating dogs We need to know;

Detection probability? How good is the dog and handler at finding wallabies?

- Claire Veltman's presentation...
- How often are wallabies missed?
- How frequent are "false positives"?
 - Influenced by; weather, landscape, skill fitness, and mood of the dog & handler

Trail cameras





We've had some success with our Reconyx trail cameras

New wallaby population confirmed west of the Kaituna River



Plus an unexpected bonus! First kiwi recorded in the Rotorua District in the last decade



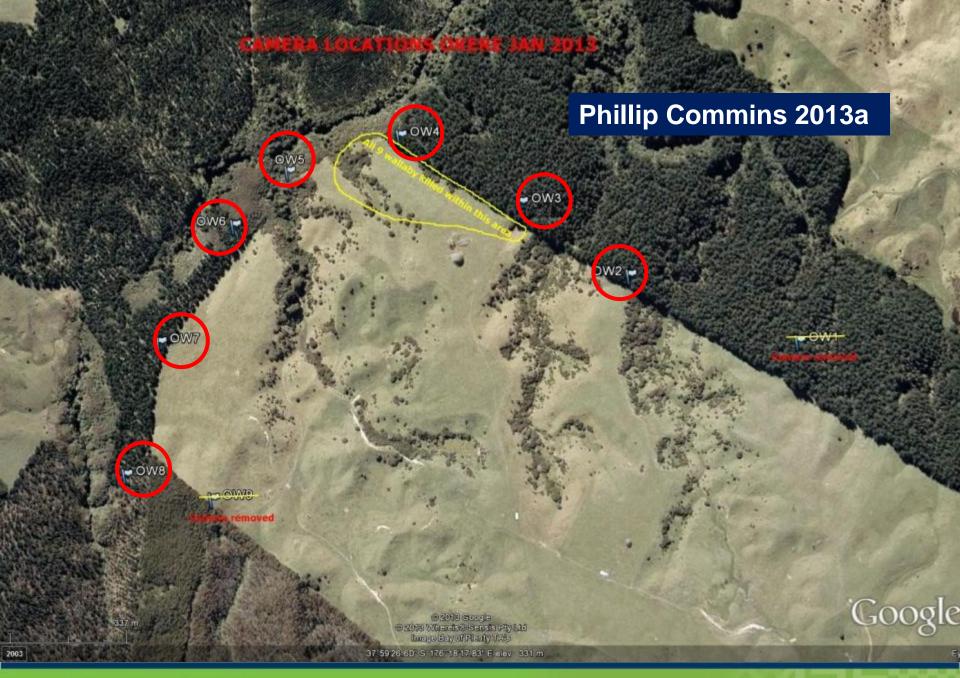
Research Needs – Trail cameras We need to know;

Detection probability?

 How many cameras for how long to have a good chance of picking up a wallaby

Need a clear protocol – consistent set-up and data interpretation

Can we use trail cameras as a monitoring tool like RTCI for possums?



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Interpretation of trail camera results

Photos of wallabies defined as separate "Camera Events" if;

- gap of 5 minutes between photos
 - Unless animals clearly identified due to individual markings or difference in size
- If more than one wallaby present in a photo each individual is counted as an "event".

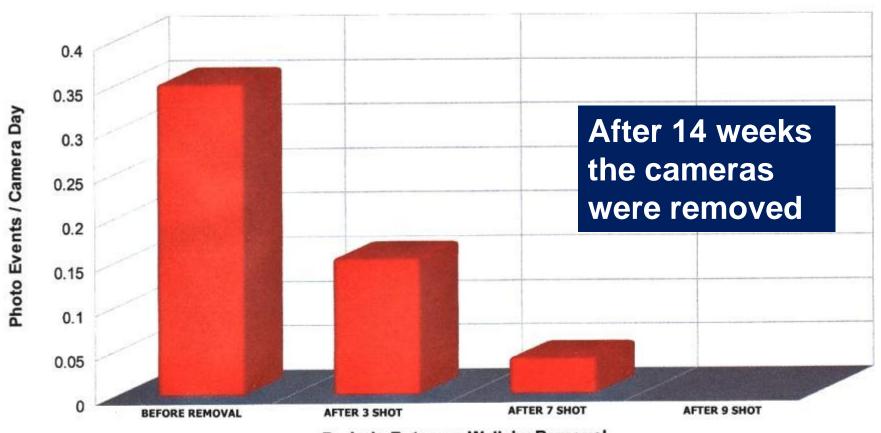
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Have we reached "zero density"?

CAMERA MONITORING RESULTS



Periods Between Wallaby Removal

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Monitoring a poisoning operation with trail cameras

Rocky Cutting Road – Welcome Bay

Camera Index - Results

- First pulse: 15 wallaby 71 possum killed
 - wallaby 77.3 % (<u>+</u> 13.4% 95% CI)
 - possum 70.9 % (<u>+</u> 23.4% 95% CI)
- Second pulse: 1 wallaby 6 possum killed
 - total reduction wallaby 86.4 % (<u>+</u> 14.6% 95% CI)
 - total reduction possum 83.7 % (± 16.8% 95% CI)

Phillip Commins 2013b

Where to from here?

Wallaby Management Team needs to prepare and agree upon a research prospectus and allocate resources

- wallaby dispersal
- assess detection probability of dogs and cameras (and develop protocols)
- continue work on bait (Feratox for monitoring & surveillance????)
- Implement "Containment Plan"



The pressure is on to make some visible progress or risk losing support of our key stakeholders

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Interested in researching?

- Dispersal behaviour
- Monitoring / Surveillance
- Control tools
- Community engagement

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0508 WALLABY

